

Customer service: service@abbkine.com

Technical support: support@abbkine.com

Website: https://www.abbkine.com

DiR (DilC18(7))

Cat #: BMD0074

Size: 5 mg

[<u>;</u>]	DiR (DiIC18(7))		
REF	Cat #: BMD0074	LOT	Lot #: Refer to product label
	Application range: Cell membrane staining, cell		Recommended working concentrations:
	fusion, adhesion and migration tracers, small		1-5 μM
	animal imaging		
	Excitation/Emission wavelengths: Ex/Em (MeOH)=748/780 nm		
X	Storage: Stored at -20°C for 12 months, protected from light		

Assay Principle

DiR (DilC18(7)) is a lipophilic, near-infrared fluorescent cyanine dye with the molecular formula of $C_{63}H_{101}IN_2$, molecular weight of 1013.4, and CAS number of 100068-60-8. This dye is often used to label cytoplasmic membranes. The two 18-carbon chains of DiR are inserted into the cell membrane, resulting in specific, stable cellular staining with little cell-to-cell dye transfer. The combination of DiR (near infrared fluorescence) and other cell membrane fluorescent dyes such as Dil (orange fluorescence), DiO (green fluorescence), and DiD (red fluorescence) provides an effective tool for multicolor imaging and flow cytometry analysis. After DiR staining, fixation with paraformaldehyde (no other reagents such as methanol) can be performed, but the process of permeabilization after staining is not recommended." In addition, plasma membrane staining working solution at a concentration of 5 μ M, 5 mg of working solution could be used about 9,867 times.



Figure 1. Molecular diagram

Materials Supplied and Storage Conditions

Kit components	Size	Storage conditions
DiR (DiIC18(7))	5 mg	-20°C, protected from light



Materials Required but Not Supplied

• Fluorescent microscope or flow cytometry, precision pipettes, disposable pipette tips, DMSO, EtOH

Assay Procedure

1. Preparation of staining solution

(1) Preparation of storage solution: The storage solution was prepared with anhydrous DMSO or EtOH at a concentration of 1-5 mM.

Note: Unused storage solution was stored in aliquots at -20°C to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

(2) Preparation of working solution: The storage solution was diluted with appropriate buffer (e.g., serum-free medium, HBSS or PBS) to prepare working solution with a concentration of 1-5 μ M.

Note: The final concentration of working solution is recommended to be optimized according to different cell lines and experimental systems. It is recommended to start the exploration of the optimal concentration within the range of 10 times the recommended concentration.

2. Staining of Suspension cell

(1) The appropriate volume of staining solution was added to resuspend the cells, so that the density was 1×10⁶/mL.

(2) The cells were incubated at 37°C for 2-20 min, and the optimal culture time was different for different cells. 20 min can be used as the initial incubation time, after which the system can be optimized to obtain uniform labeling effect.

(3) At the end of incubation, the cells were centrifuged at 1,000-1,500 rpm for 5 min. The supernatant was poured and cells were resuspended by slowly adding the prewarmed growth medium at 37°C again.

(4) Repeat step (3) more than twice.

3. Staining of adherent cells

(1) Adherent cells were cultured on sterile cover slips.

(2) Remove the cover slip from the medium, sucking off excess culture, but leaving the surface moist.

(3) Add 100 µL of dye working solution to one corner of the cover slip, and gently shake to evenly cover all cells with the dye.

(4) The cells were incubated at 37° C for 2-20 min, and the optimal culture time was different for different cells. 20 min can be used as the initial incubation time, after which the system can be optimized to obtain uniform labeling effect.

(5) Blot the dye working solution, wash the cover glass with culture solution 2-3 times, cover all cells with prewarmed medium each time, incubate for 5-10 min, and then blot the medium dry, but keep the surface moist.

4. Results testing

Samples can be examined in culture medium and can be imaged by fluorescence microscopy or analyzed by flow cytometry.

Precautions

1. Please immediately centrifugal the product to the bottom of the tube before use, and then conduct the subsequent experiments.

2. When DiR stains fixed cell or tissue samples, 4% paraformaldehyde prepared in PBS is usually used for fixation, and the use of other inappropriate fixative will result in high fluorescence background.

3. Fluorescent dyes all have quenching problems, please try to avoid light to slow down fluorescence quenching.

4. For your safety and health, please wear a lab coat and wear disposable gloves to operate.

Disclaimer

The reagent is only used in the field of scientific research, not suitable for clinical diagnosis or other purposes.

